X Synchronization Extension Library

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X Consortium Standard

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1 Synchronization Protocol

The core X protocol makes no guarantees about the relative order of execution of requests for different clients. This means that any synchronization between clients must be done at the client level in an operating system-dependent and network-dependent manner. Even if there was an accepted standard for such synchronization, the use of a network introduces unpredictable delays between the synchronization of the clients and the delivery of the resulting requests to the X server.

The core X protocol also makes no guarantees about the time at which requests are executed, which means that all clients with real-time constraints must implement their timing on the host computer. Any such timings are subject to error introduced by delays within the operating system and network and are inefficient because of the need for round-trip requests that keep the client and server synchronized.

The synchronization extension provides primitives that allow synchronization between clients to take place entirely within the X server. This removes any error introduced by the network and makes it possible to synchronize clients on different hosts running different operating systems. This is important for multimedia applications, where audio, video, and graphics data streams are being synchronized. The extension also provides internal timers within the X server to which client requests can be synchronized. This allows simple animation applications to be implemented without any round-trip requests and makes best use of buffering within the client, network, and server.

1.1 Description

The mechanism used by this extension for synchronization within the X server is to block the processing of requests from a client until a specific synchronization condition occurs. When the condition occurs, the client is released and processing of requests continues. Multiple clients may block on the same condition to give inter-client synchronization. Alternatively, a single client may block on a condition such as an animation frame marker.

The extension adds **Counter** and **Alarm** to the set of resources managed by the server. A counter has a 64-bit integer value that may be increased or decreased by client requests or by the server internally. A client can block by sending an **Await** request that waits until one of a set of synchronization conditions, called TRIGGERs, becomes TRUE.

The **CreateCounter** request allows a client to create a **Counter** that can be changed by explicit **SetCounter** and **ChangeCounter** requests. These can

be used to implement synchronization between different clients.

There are some counters, called **System Counters**, that are changed by the server internally rather than by client requests. The effect of any change to a system counter is not visible until the server has finished processing the current request. In other words, system counters are apparently updated in the gaps between the execution of requests rather than during the actual execution of a request. The extension provides a system counter that advances with the server time as defined by the core protocol, and it may also provide counters that advance with the real-world time or that change each time the CRT screen is refreshed. Other extensions may provide their own extension-specific system counters.

The extension provides an **Alarm** mechanism that allows clients to receive an event on a regular basis when a particular counter is changed.

2 C Language Binding

The C routines provide direct access to the protocol and add no additional semantics.

The include file for this extension is `<X11/extensions/sync.h>`.

Most of the names in the language binding are derived from the protocol names by prepending `XSync` to the protocol name and changing the capitalization.

2.1 C Functions

Most of the following functions generate SYNC protocol requests.

Status
XSyncQueryExtension (Display * *dpy*, int * *event_base_return*,
    int * *error_base_return*)

If dpy supports the SYNC extension, `XSyncQueryExtension` returns `True`, sets *event_base_return to the event number for the first SYNC event, and sets *error_base_return to the error number for the first SYNC error. If dpy does not support the SYNC extension, it returns `False`.

Status
XSyncInitialize (Display * *dpy*, int * *major_version_return*,
    int * *minor_version_return*)

`XSyncInitialize` sets *major_version_return and *minor_version_return to the major/minor SYNC protocol version supported by the server. If the XSync library is compatible with the version returned by the server, this function returns `True`. If dpy does not support the SYNC extension, or if there was an error during communication with the server, or if the server and library protocol versions are incompatible, this function returns `False`. The only XSync function that may be called before this function is `XSyncQueryExtension`. If a client violates this rule, the effects of all XSync calls that it makes are undefined.

XSyncSystemCounter *
XSyncListSystemCounters (Display * *dpy*, int * *n_counters_return*)

`XSyncListSystemCounters` returns a pointer to an array of system counters supported by the display and sets *n_counters_return to the number of counters in the array. The array should be freed with `XSyncFreeSystemCounterList`. If dpy does not support the SYNC extension, or if there was an error during communication with the server, or if the server does not support any system counters, this function returns NULL.

`XSyncSystemCounter` has the following fields:

```
char *          name;       /* null-terminated name of system counter */
XSyncCounter    counter;    /* counter id of this system counter */
XSyncValue      resolution; /* resolution of this system counter */
```

void
XSyncFreeSystemCounterList (XSyncSystemCounter * *list*)

`XSyncFreeSystemCounterList` frees the memory associated with the system counter list returned by `XSyncListSystemCounters`.

XSyncCounter
XSyncCreateCounter (Display * *dpy*, XSyncValue *initial_value*)

`XSyncCreateCounter` creates a counter on the dpy with the given initial_value and returns the counter ID. It returns `None` if dpy does not support the SYNC extension.

Status
XSyncSetCounter (Display * *dpy*, XSyncCounter *counter*, XSyncValue *value*)

`XSyncSetCounter` sets counter to value. It returns `False` if dpy does not support the SYNC extension; otherwise, it returns `True`.

Status
XSyncChangeCounter (Display * *dpy*, XSyncCounter *counter*,
    XSyncValue *value*)

`XSyncChangeCounter` adds value to counter. It returns `False` if dpy does not support the SYNC extension; otherwise, it returns `True`.

Status
XSyncDestroyCounter (Display * *dpy*, XSyncCounter *counter*)

`XSyncDestroyCounter` destroys counter. It returns `False` if dpy does not support the SYNC extension; otherwise, it returns `True`.

Status
XSyncQueryCounter (Display * *dpy*, XSyncCounter *counter*,
XSyncValue * *value_return*)

`XSyncQueryCounter` sets *value_return to the current value of counter. It returns `False` if there was an error during communication with the server or if dpy does not support the SYNC extension; otherwise, it returns `True`.

Status
XSyncAwait (Display * *dpy*, XSyncWaitCondition * *wait_list*,
int *n_conditions*)

`XSyncAwait` awaits on the conditions in wait_list. The n_conditions is the number of wait conditions in wait_list. It returns `False` if dpy does not support the SYNC extension; otherwise, it returns `True`. The await is processed asynchronously by the server; this function always returns immediately after issuing the request.

`XSyncWaitCondition` has the following fields:

```
XSyncCounter      trigger.counter;      /* counter to trigger on */
XSyncValueType    trigger.value_type;   /* absolute/relative */
XSyncValue        trigger.wait_value;   /* value to compare counter to */
XSyncTestType     trigger.test_type;    /* pos/neg comparison/transtion */
XSyncValue        event_threshold;      /* send event if past threshold */
```

`XSyncValueType` can be either `XSyncAbsolute` or `XSyncRelative`.

`XSyncTestType` can be one of `XSyncPositiveTransition`, `XSyncNegativeTransition`, `XSyncPositiveComparison`, or `XSyncNegativeComparison`.

XSyncAlarm
XSyncCreateAlarm (Display * *dpy*, unsigned long *values_mask*,
XSyncAlarmAttributes * *values*)

`XSyncCreateAlarm` creates an alarm and returns the alarm ID. It returns `None` if the display does not support the SYNC extension. The values_mask and values specify the alarm attributes.

`XSyncAlarmAttributes` has the following fields. The attribute_mask column specifies the symbol that the caller should OR into values_mask to indicate that the value for the corresponding attribute was actually supplied. Default values are used for all attributes that do not have their attribute_mask OR'ed into values_mask. See the protocol description for **CreateAlarm** for the defaults.

type	field name	attribute_mask
XSyncCounter	trigger.counter;	`XSyncCACounter`
XSyncValueType	trigger.value_type;	`XSyncCAValueType`
XSyncValue	trigger.wait_value;	`XSyncCAValue`
XSyncTestType	trigger.test_type;	`XSyncCATestType`
XSyncValue	delta;	`XSyncCADelta`
Bool	events;	`XSyncCAEvents`
XSyncAlarmState	state;	client cannot set this

Status
XSyncDestroyAlarm (Display * *dpy*, XSyncAlarm *alarm*)

`XSyncDestroyAlarm` destroys alarm. It returns `False` if dpy does not support the SYNC extension; otherwise, it returns `True`.

Status
XSyncQueryAlarm (Display * *dpy*, XSyncAlarm *alarm*,
XSyncAlarmAttributes * *values_return*)

`XSyncQueryAlarm` sets *values_return to the alarm's attributes. It returns `False` if there was an error during communication with the server or if dpy does not support the SYNC extension; otherwise, it returns `True`.

Status
XSyncChangeAlarm (Display * *dpy*, XSyncAlarm *alarm*,
unsigned long *values_mask*, XSyncAlarmAttributes * *values*)

`XSyncChangeAlarm` changes alarm's attributes. The attributes to change are specified as in `XSyncCreateAlarm`. It returns `False` if dpy does not support the SYNC extension; otherwise, it returns `True`.

Status
XSyncSetPriority (Display * *dpy*, XID *client_resource_id*, int *priority*)

`XSyncSetPriority` sets the priority of the client owning client_resource_id to priority. If client_resource_id is `None`, it sets the caller's priority. It returns `False` if dpy does not support the SYNC extension; otherwise, it returns `True`.

Status
XSyncGetPriority (Display * *dpy*, XID *client_resource_id*,
int * *return_priority*)

`XSyncGetPriority` sets *return_priority to the priority of the client owning client_resource_id. If client_resource_id is `None`, it sets *return_priority to the caller's priority. It returns `False` if there was an error during communication with the server or if dpy does not support the SYNC extension; otherwise, it returns `True`.

2.2 C Macros/Functions

The following procedures manipulate 64-bit values. They are defined both as macros and as functions. By default, the macro form is used. To use the function form, #undef the macro name to uncover the function.

void
XSyncIntToValue (XSyncValue *pv*, int *i*)

Converts i to an `XSyncValue` and stores it in *pv. Performs sign extension (*pv will have the same sign as i.)

void
XSyncIntsToValue (XSyncValue *pv*, unsigned int *low*, int *high*)

Stores low in the low 32 bits of *pv and high in the high 32 bits of *pv.

Bool
XSyncValueGreaterThan (XSyncValue *a*, XSyncValue *b*)

Returns `True` if a is greater than b, else returns `False`.

Bool
XSyncValueLessThan (XSyncValue *a*, XSyncValue *b*)

Returns `True` if a is less than b, else returns `False`.

Bool
XSyncValueGreaterOrEqual (XSyncValue *a*, XSyncValue *b*)

Returns `True` if a is greater than or equal to b, else returns `False`.

Bool
XSyncValueLessOrEqual (XSyncValue *a*, XSyncValue *b*)

Returns `True` if a is less than or equal to b.

Bool
XSyncValueEqual (XSyncValue *a*, XSyncValue *b*)

Returns `True` if a is equal to b, else returns `False`.

Bool
XSyncValueIsNegative (XSyncValue *v*)

Returns `True` if v is negative, else returns `False`.

Bool
XSyncValueIsZero (XSyncValue *v*)

Returns `True` if v is zero, else returns `False`.

Bool
XSyncValueIsPositive (XSyncValue *v*)

Returns `True` if v is positive, else returns `False`.

unsigned int
XSyncValueLow32 (XSyncValue *v*)

Returns the low 32 bits of v.

int
XSyncValueHigh32 (XSyncValue *v*)

Returns the high 32 bits of v.

void
XSyncValueAdd (XSyncValue * *presult*, XSyncValue *a*, XSyncValue *b*, Bool * *poverflow*)

Adds a to b and stores the result in *presult. If the result could not fit in 64 bits, *poverflow is set to `True`, else it is set to `False`.

void
XSyncValueSubtract (XSyncValue * *presult*, XSyncValue *a*, XSyncValue *b*, Bool * *poverflow*)

Subtracts b from a and stores the result in *presult. If the result could not fit in 64 bits, overflow is set to `True`, else it is set to `False`.

void
XSyncMaxValue (XSyncValue * *pv*)

Sets *pv to the maximum value expressible in 64 bits.

void
XSyncMinValue (XSyncValue * *pv*)

Sets *pv to the minimum value expressible in 64 bits.

2.3 Events

Let *event_base* be the value *event_base_return* as defined in the function `XSyncQueryExtension`.

An `XSyncCounterNotifyEvent`'s type field has the value *event_base* + `XSyncCounterNotify`. The fields of this structure are:

```
int             type;           /* event base + XSyncCounterNotify */
unsigned long   serial;         /* number of last request processed by server */
Bool            send_event;     /* true if this came from a SendEvent request */
Display *       display;        /* Display the event was read from */
XSyncCounter    counter;        /* counter involved in await */
XSyncValue      wait_value;     /* value being waited for */
XSyncValue      counter_value;  /* counter value when this event was sent */
Time            time;           /* milliseconds */
int             count;          /* how many more events to come */
Bool            destroyed;      /* True if counter was destroyed */
```

An `XSyncAlarmNotifyEvent`'s type field has the value *event_base* + `XSyncAlarmNotify`. The fields of this structure are:

```
int             type;           /* event base + XSyncAlarmNotify */
unsigned long   serial;         /* number of last request processed by server */
Bool            send_event;     /* true if this came from a SendEvent request */
Display *       display;        /* Display the event was read from */
XSyncAlarm      alarm;          /* alarm that triggered */
XSyncValue      counter_value;  /* value that triggered the alarm */
XSyncValue      alarm_value;    /* test value of trigger in alarm */
Time            time;           /* milliseconds */
XSyncAlarmState state;          /* new state of alarm */
```

2.4 Errors

Let *error_base* be the value *error_base_return* as defined in the function `XSyncQueryExtension`.

An `XSyncAlarmError`'s error_code field has the value *error_base* + `XSyncBadAlarm`. The fields of this structure are:

```
int             type;
Display *       display;        /* Display the event was read from */
XSyncAlarm      alarm;          /* resource id */
unsigned long   serial;         /* serial number of failed request */
unsigned char   error_code;     /* error base + XSyncBadAlarm */
unsigned char   request_code;   /* Major op-code of failed request */
unsigned char   minor_code;     /* Minor op-code of failed request */
```

An `XSyncCounterError`'s error_code field has the value *error_base* + `XSyncBadCounter`. The fields of this structure are:

```
int             type;
Display *       display;        /* Display the event was read from */
XSyncCounter    counter;        /* resource id */
unsigned long   serial;         /* serial number of failed request */
unsigned char   error_code;     /* error base + XSyncBadCounter */
unsigned char   request_code;   /* Major op-code of failed request */
unsigned char   minor_code;     /* Minor op-code of failed request */
```